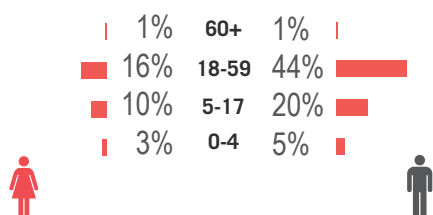


REACH, with the support of ECHO, is conducting regular assessments in order to inform on the EU migration crisis in the Western Balkans. This biweekly factsheet presents the main findings and primary areas of concern based on data collected in 19-30 April 2016 in Serbia and FRYOM. Data is based on a total of 49 groups interviewed representing a total of 176 individuals.

Further information is available from www.reach-initiative.org and www.reachresourcecentre.info.

Group composition

Sex and age of individuals



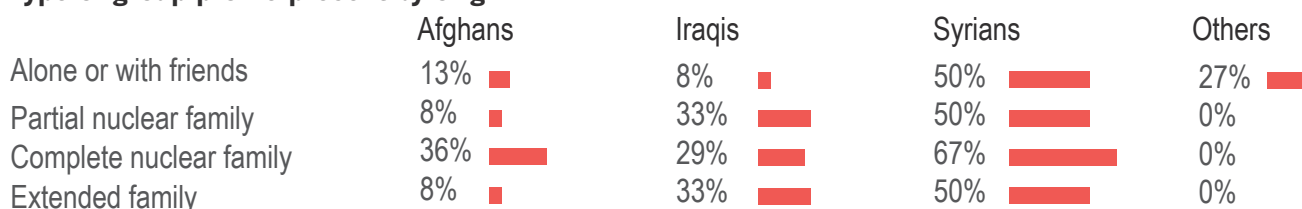
Origin of assessed groups:



Reported vulnerabilities in groups:

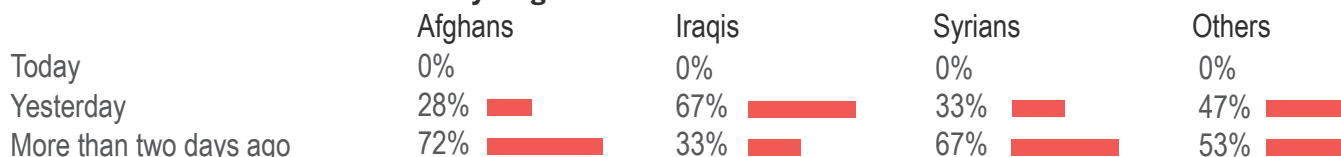
- 1 Unaccompanied minor (14%)
- 2 Pregnant women (3%)
- 3 n/a (0%)

Type of group profile present by origin:

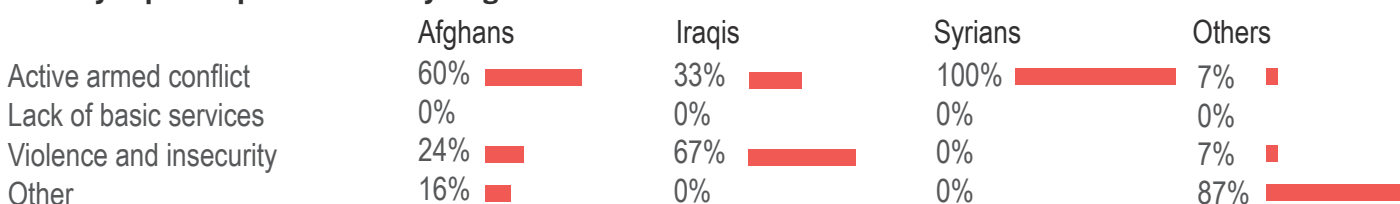


Migration and motivation

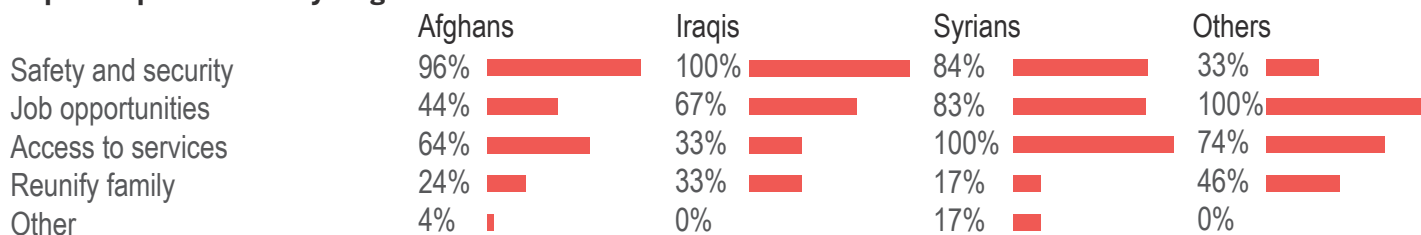
Date of arrival in current location by origin:



Primary reported push factors by origin:



Reported pull factors by origin:



Access to information

Top reported challenges where more information is needed:

- 1 Refugee status
- 2 Border crossing
- 3 Other

Top reported channel of information relied upon:

- 1 Word of mouth
- 2 Smugglers
- 3 Facebook

Aid received

Proportion of people who have received aid:



Top reported type of aid received:

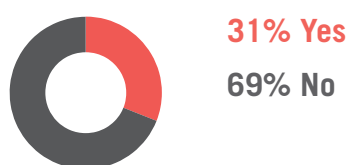
- 1 Food
- 2 Non Food Items
- 3 Shelter

Most reported commonly humanitarian needs by origin:

	Afghans	Iraqis	Syrians	Others
Access to a better shelter	32%	33%	33%	29%
Access to food	28%	33%	22%	31%
Access to health services	5%	11%	6%	2%
Access to showers and toilets	8%	22%	28%	18%

Health conditions

Proportion of people who suffer health problems:



Top reported countries where the symptoms began:

Countries crossed so far to reach final destination (Bulgaria, FYROM, Greece, Serbia or Turkey)	67%
Country of Origin	33%
Other	0%

Travel challenges

Top reported challenges encountered when travelling:

- 1 High prices
- 2 Robbery / Extortion
- 3 Physical Assault

Proportion of people who have been pushed back:

