

Summary

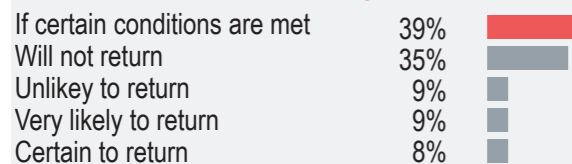
As of September 2018, close to 240,000¹ mostly Somali refugees reside in Dadaab refugee complex. With continued conflict, instability and drought, causing new displacement in Somalia as well as reduced humanitarian funding in Dadaab, there is need to strengthen the knowledge of future return intentions and movement patterns of the refugee population. Since May 2017, REACH has worked with the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) on developing tools and methodologies for data collection in the three camps of Dadaab refugee complex (Dagahaley, IFO, Hagadera).

In July 2018 REACH conducted a survey in Dadaab refugee complex with findings showing a majority of the households (42%) not willing to return to Somalia due to fear of conflict. This factsheet provides an overview of another round of assessment conducted in November 2018 across the three camps of Dadaab refugee complex.

Primary data was collected through household surveys from 14 to 16 November, 2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 5% margin of error. A total of 381 HHs were interviewed. This level is guaranteed for all questions that apply to the entire surveyed population of each camp. Findings relating to a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error. The maximum margin of error of subsets is indicated with 'MOE.'

Intentions

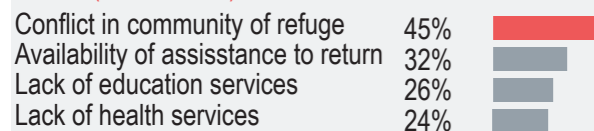
Likelihood of return to area of origin:



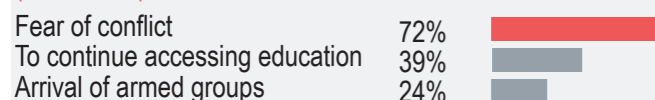
% of HHs that are very likely or certain to return to their area of origin in the following timelines (MOE= 12.44):



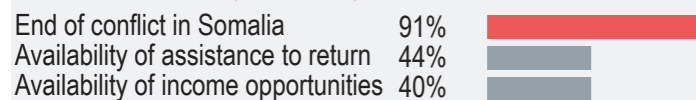
Main reported reasons for considering to return to Somalia for HHs that said they were certain to return and very likely to return² (MOE=12.44):



Main reported reasons for not considering to return to Somalia for HHs that said they will not return and unlikely to return² (MOE=7.37):



Main reported factors that would increase willingness to return for HHs that said return is unlikely or would return if certain conditions are met² (MOE=6.76):



1. UNHCR Statistics package, October 2018
2. Households could choose multiple answers

Displacement

Reported country of origin:



Top 5 push and pull factors for displaced HHs²:

Push factors from Area of origin	Pull factors to Dadaab
Actual conflict in community	1 No conflict in Dadaab
Fear of conflict	2 Law and order
Drought	3 Availability of aid
Lack of education services	4 Access education services
Arrival of armed groups	5 Access refugee status

Returns

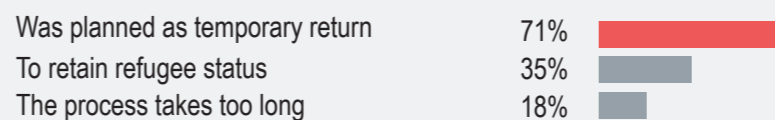
HHs with members that have returned to Somalia since first arriving in Dadaab:



Of the 5% who reported having members that returned to Somalia since arrival, 91% said that the members returned to Dadaab following previous return to Somalia because they had gone to Somalia on a temporary visit

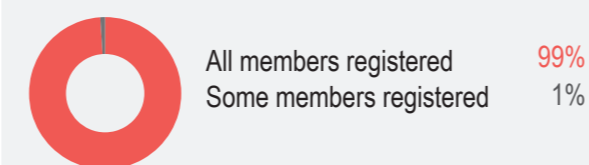
89% of the HHs that reported having members who returned to Somalia said that the returnees had not registered for voluntary repatriation.

Top reported reasons for returning members not registering for voluntary repatriation²:

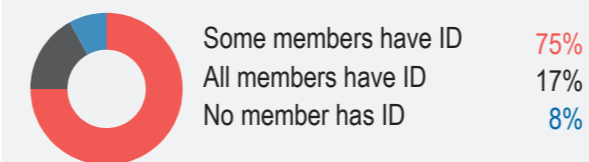


Registration and Documentation

Household refugee registration in Dadaab:



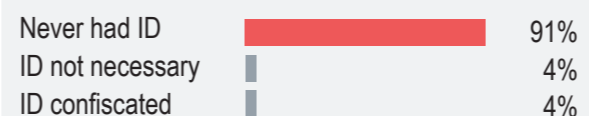
Household members have Identity document (ID):



% of HHs with at least one member that has the following IDs²:

ID Card - Alien	98%
Kenyan birth certificate	17%
Proof of marriage	15%
Birth certificate of area of origin	9%
ID of area of origin	3%

Top reported reasons for not having ID (MOE=5.5):



Reported areas of origin

