

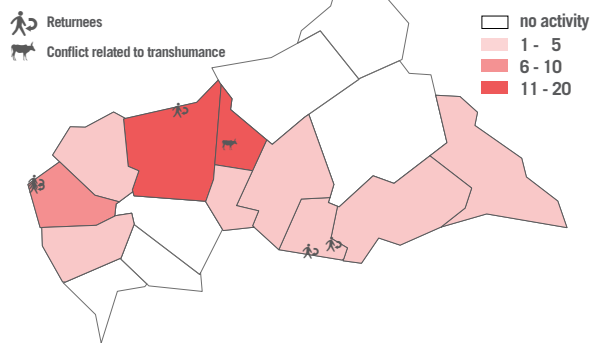


The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments and to implement several emergency responses, as non-food items (NFI) and HEB¹ distributions, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) interventions, cash activities and fairs, when there is no capacity on site. Currently, RRM is made possible through the generous support of the European Union Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Office (ECHO), the Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA), the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA) and the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). All RRM products are available on the [Humanitarian Response](#) portal.

Alerts received or sent by the RRM in 2019

Alert distribution in June 2019 et in 2019 :

Alerts location in June :

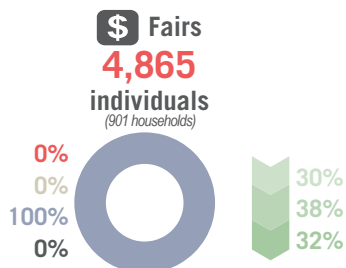
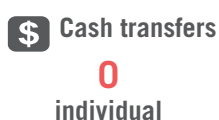
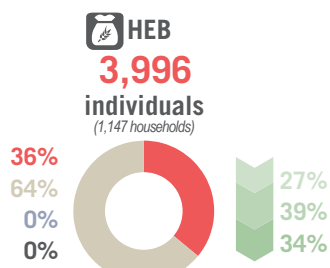
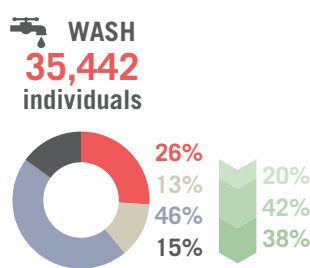
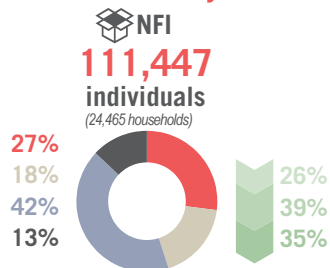


6 alerts
in June 2019
Median delays between
alert and intervention³ :
34 jours.

Alerts received or sent monthly in 2019:



Beneficiaries January - June 2019

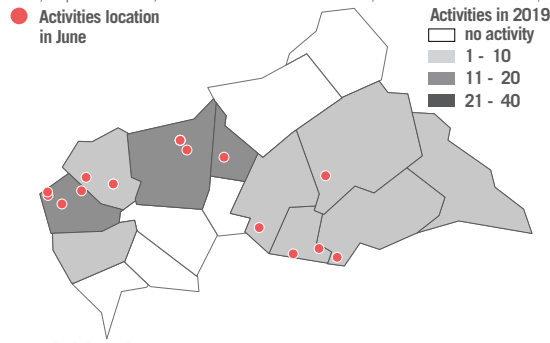


Legend :
Displaced
Host community⁵
Returnees⁶
Repatriated⁷
Men
Women
Children under 5 years old

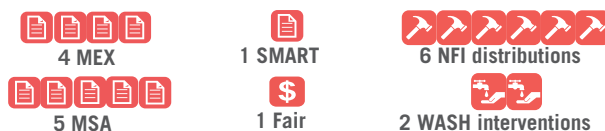
Overview of RRM activities in 2019

Activity distribution in June and in 2019 :

(MEX, MSA, rapid SMART, NFI and HEB distributions, WASH interventions, PDM²)

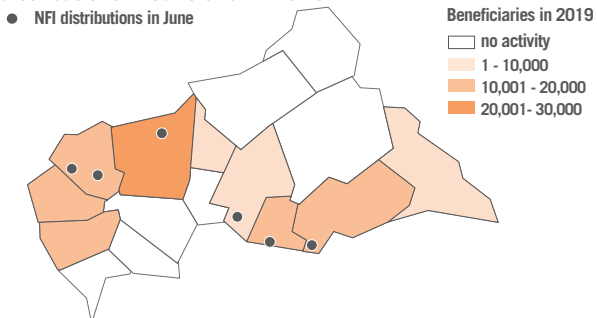


RRM activities in June 2019:

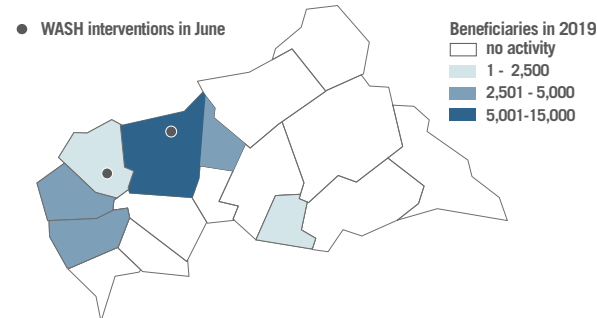


Distribution of beneficiaries

NFI distributions in June and in 2019 :



WASH interventions in June and in 2019:



Activities January - June 2019

Activity	Count	Activity	Count
MEX (exploratory mission)	18	Cash transfer	0
MSA (multisectoral assessment)	28	Hygiene sessions	97
MSA-R ⁴	0	Emergency latrines	63
NFI distributions	23	Rehabilitations of water sources	35
WASH interventions	12	Post-distribution monitoring (PDM)	5
HEB distribution	1	Distributed Menstrual Hygiene Kits	6744
Fairs	2	Rapid SMART (nutrition screening)	4

¹High Energy Biscuit (HEB). ²Post-Distribution Monitoring. ³Based on the first intervention (NFI, WASH, HEB or cash transfers), for any alert raised in 2019. ⁴MSA-R are not triggered following a RRM alert. MSA-R aim at gathering information on areas not recently affected and/or not recently accessed by humanitarian actors. ⁵The term 'host community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. ⁶The term 'returnees' refers to people who have come back to their pre-crisis location following a period of internal displacement. ⁷The term 'repatriated' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.